Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2018



City of South Bay, Florida Financial Statements and Other Financial Information For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

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List of Principal Officials

City Commissioners

Joe Kyles, Sr	
Betty J. Bernard	Vice Mayor
Esther E. Berry	
John E. Wilson	Commissioner
Taranza L. McKelvin	
Administrative	Staff
Leondrae D. Camel	City Manager
Edgar Kerr	Public Works Director
Massih Saadatmand, CPA	
Nepoleon T. Collins	Director of Economic and Business Development
Vicky Del Bosquez	
Professional Ad	visors
Burnadette Norris-Weeks	Attorney
David J. Mendenz, P.E.	127 73 2 147
CAP Government/CAP Engineering	



HCT Certified Public Accountants & Consultants, LLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Bay, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund information of the City of South Bay, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Fiduciary funds (included in the General fund), which represent .73 percent, 5.10 percent, and 1.00 percent, respectively, of the assets, liabilities, and expenses of the City's pension plan. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Fiduciary funds, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund information of the City of South Bay, Florida, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–11 and 48–49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of those reports are to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HCT Certified Public Accountants & Consultants, LLC Hollywood, Florida May 23, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

The purpose of Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to provide the readers an overview of financial activities of the City of South Bay's (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This information is intended to assist the readers to identify changes in financial statements and help them to make decision or conclude about City's financial position. The readers should take time to read and evaluate all sections of the financial statements including the footnotes and the other required supplementary information that is provided in addition, to this Management's Discussion and Analysis "MD&A" section.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2018 by \$4,502,629 of this amount \$1,023,960 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$945,090 or 13.7% as a result of an increase of \$644,459 in governmental activities and an increase of \$300,631 in business-type activities.
- Governmental activities generated \$3,026,184 in revenues with \$2,381,725 in expenses.
- Business-type activities generated \$834,516 in revenues with \$533,885 in expenses.
- General fund balance increased by \$221,970, as result, the unassigned fund balance was \$1,023,960 or 89.7% total of fund balances.
- The net position in business type activities increased by \$300,631 due to increase of \$148,001 in the water and sewer fund and an increase of \$152,630 in the sanitation fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund represented 44.5% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) financial statements of funds, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) other. This report also contains other supplementary information aside to the basic financial statements.

1 - The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

activities of the City. The difference between the City's total assets and total liabilities represents its net position. Although the purpose of the City is not to accumulate net position, over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances for both its governmental activities and business-type activities which are shown in two statements:

- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's held assets and liabilities owed by the City.

The Statement of Activities presents the revenues and expenses of the City and the change in net position during current fiscal year. The items presented on the Statement of Activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used in the private-sector; the revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are reported when incurred.

- 2 The focus of the *fund financial statements* is a micronization of specific activities within the City as opposed to the City as a whole. Specific funds are established to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City groups it funds in two categories:
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

Governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet statement of revenues and expenditures, and changes in fund balances. These statements are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements. The focus of the financial statements is on short-term emphasis. That measures and accounts for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. The major fund in the governmental fund is the General Fund. The City adopts an annual budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the annual budget.

Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City presents a separate column for the water, sewer

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

and sanitation funds. The Sanitation Fund charges a fee to customers for the use of services. The Water and Sewer Fund receives an annual fee based on agreement between the City and Glades Utility Authority. The basis of accounting of the financial statements is similar to the basis used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

- 3 The notes to the financial statements provide additional information and disclosures that are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- 4- Other Information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The supplementary information such as a comparison includes funding between the City's adopted budget and actual financial results. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. The budgetary comparison statement has been provided to exhibit compliance with the budget.

Analysis of government-wide financial statements:

City of South Bay, Florida Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 3,207,590	\$ 3,272,532	\$ 4,323,122	\$ 4,186,180	\$ 7,530,712	\$ 7,458,712
Capital assets	2,685,188	2,450,884	255,171	257,741	2,940,359	2,708,625
Total assets	5,892,778	5,723,416	4,578,293	4,443,921	10,471,071	10,167,337
Current and other liabilities	1,266,871	1,796,332	168,610	202,240	1,435,481	1,998,572
Long-term liabilities outstanding	123,278	68,914	1,061,321	1,193,950	1,184,599	1,262,864
Total liabilities	1,390,149	1,865,246	1,229,931	1,396,190	2,620,080	3,261,436
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets						
(net of related debt)	2,542,543	2,384,098	255,171	257,741	2,797,714	2,641,839
Restricted for prepaid items	936,126	652,824	-	-	936,126	652,824
Unrestricted	1,023,960	821,248	3,093,191	2,789,990	4,117,151	3,611,238
Total net position	\$ 4,502,629	\$ 3,858,170	\$ 3,348,362	\$ 3,047,731	\$ 7,850,991	\$ 6,905,901

A significant portion of the City's net position (35.6%) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g. lands, infrastructure, buildings and equipment) less any debt related to those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital

City of South Bay, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (11.9%) represents resources that are subject to restriction on how they may be used.

The net position increased from \$6,905,901 to \$7,850,991 as a result of a net increase of \$300,631 in business-type and an increase of \$644,459 in the governmental activities fund groups.

Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities:

Net position increases or decreases over time serve as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. Net position in governmental activities increased by \$644,459 in the current year, while the net position in prior year increased by \$2,306,787. Revenues in governmental activities including transfers in, decreased by \$1,262,589 when the expenditures increased by \$360,059 in fiscal year 2018.

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City of South Bay, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

City of South Bay, Florida Change in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Busmess-Typ	e Activities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:			_			
Program revenues:						
Charge for services	\$ 54,377	\$ 55,189	\$ 655,265	\$ 656,160	\$ 709,642	\$ 711,349
Operating grant and contribution	460,446	1,913,382	-	•	460,446	1,913,382
General revenues:						
Property taxes	397,806	376,318	-	-	397,806	376,318
Franchise and taxes	680,039	547,915	-	•	680,039	547,915
Other taxes	990,795	953,149	•	•	990,795	953,149
Other	381,146	382,920	179,251	153,517	560,397	536,437
Total revenues	2,964,609	4,228,873	834,516	809,677	3,799,125	5,038,550
Expenses:						
General government	1,429,172	1,074,027	-	-	1,429,172	1,074,027
Public safety	193,761	181,271	-	-	193,761	181,271
Highway and street	636,138	682,958	-	-	636,138	682,958
Culture and recreation	121,330	82,724	•	•	121,330	82,724
Water and sewer	-	-	3,570	3,570	3,570	3,570
Sanitation	-	-	462,546	440,383	462,546	440,383
Interest on long term debt	1,324	686	6,194	8,825	7,518	9,511
Total expenses	2,381,725	2,021,666	472,310	452,778	2,854,035	2,474,444
Increase (decrease) in net assets						
before transfer in (out)	582,884	2,207,207	362,206	356,899	945,090	2,564,106
Transfer in /(out)	61,575	59,900	(61,575)	(59,900)		
Increase in net position	644,459	2,267,107	300,631	296,999	945,090	2,564,106
Net position at beginning of year	3,858,170	1,551,383	3,047,731	2,750,732	6,905,901	4,302,115
Prior period adjustment		39,680				39,680
Net position at beginning of year, restated	3,858,170	1,591,063	3,047,731	2,750,732	6,905,901	4,341,795
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,502,629	\$ 3,858,170	\$ 3,348,362	\$ 3,047,731	\$ 7,850,991	\$ 6,905,901

The net position in business-type activities increased by \$300,631 in the current year, when the prior year's net position increased by \$296,999. The revenues in business-type increased by \$24,839 when the expenditures increased by \$21,207 mainly due to contractual services within the Sanitation Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

Discussion of Major Funds

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The City's governmental funds focus on providing information on short-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the primary operating account for all unrestricted operating expenditures of the City. Revenues aggregated to \$2,523,866 including a transfer in the amount of \$61,575 and \$74,166 which were proceeds from capital lease. While expenditures totaled \$2,301,896 including a transfer out to the Capital Project Fund in amount of \$125,000, resulting in a \$221,970 increase in the fund balance at year end.

Proprietary Funds – The Water & Sewer Fund and Sanitation Fund are identified as major proprietary funds and report the operating income and change in net position.

Total propriety funds revenue for service charges and other sources totaled \$834,516. The total expenditures totaled \$533,885 including a transfer out of \$61,575 to the General Fund resulting in \$300,631 increase in net position.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund operations had a positive variance of \$221,970, when the actual revenues including other financing sources were \$122,348 more than the final budget. Actual expenditures were less than the final appropriation by \$99,622. Budget amendments were done throughout the year to make funds available for unexpected expenditures as well as to realign funding changes in each department.

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of September 30, 2018, amounted to \$2,940,359 an increase of \$231,734 from the prior year. The increase was primarily due to \$279,490 of road improvements and purchases of various vehicles during 2017-2018 fiscal year. Additional information for the City assets can be found in NOTE 3, Capital assets.

City of South Bay, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

City of South Bay, Florida Capital Assets

	Government	Activities Business-Type Activities		То		otal			
	2018	2017		2018	 2017		2018		2017
Land	\$ 238,823	\$ 217,188	\$	212,927	\$ 212,927	\$	451,750	\$	430,115
Buildings and improvements	843,715	843,715		-	-		843,715		843,715
Utility plant and systems	-	-		128,521	128,521		128,521		128,521
Improvements other than									
buildings and roads	181,919	181,919		-	-		181,919		181,919
Infrastructure	10,673,775	10,394,285		-	-		10,673,775		10,394,285
Construction in Progress	168,522	27,654		-	-		168,522		27,654
Equipment and machinery	825,318	688,893			 		825,318		688,893
Total	12,932,072	12,353,654		341,448	341,448		13,273,520		12,695,102
Accumulated depreciation	(10,246,884)	(9,902,770)		(86,277)	(83,707)	{	10,333,161)	_	(9,986,477)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,685,188	\$ 2,450,884	\$	255,171	\$ 257,741		2,940,359	_\$_	2,708,625

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total of \$1,343,372 in notes, bonds and capital leases outstanding as compared to \$1,403,011 last year, a decrease of \$59,639. The City's obligations are secured by various revenue sources and capital assets.

City of South Bay, Florida Bonded Debt, Notes and Loan Payable, and Capital leases

	C	overnment	al Ac	tivities	I	Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities		To	otal	
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	997,200	\$	1,024,600	\$	997,200	\$	1,024,600
Accounts payable		-		-		196,747		297,864		196,747		297,864
Capital Leases		85,112		27,010		-		-		85,112		27,010
Compensated absences	_	64,313	_	53,537					_	64,313	_	53,537
Total	\$	149,425	\$	80,547	\$	1,193,947	\$	1,322,464	\$	1,343,372	\$	1,403,011

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2018

Economic Factors and Outlook for the Future

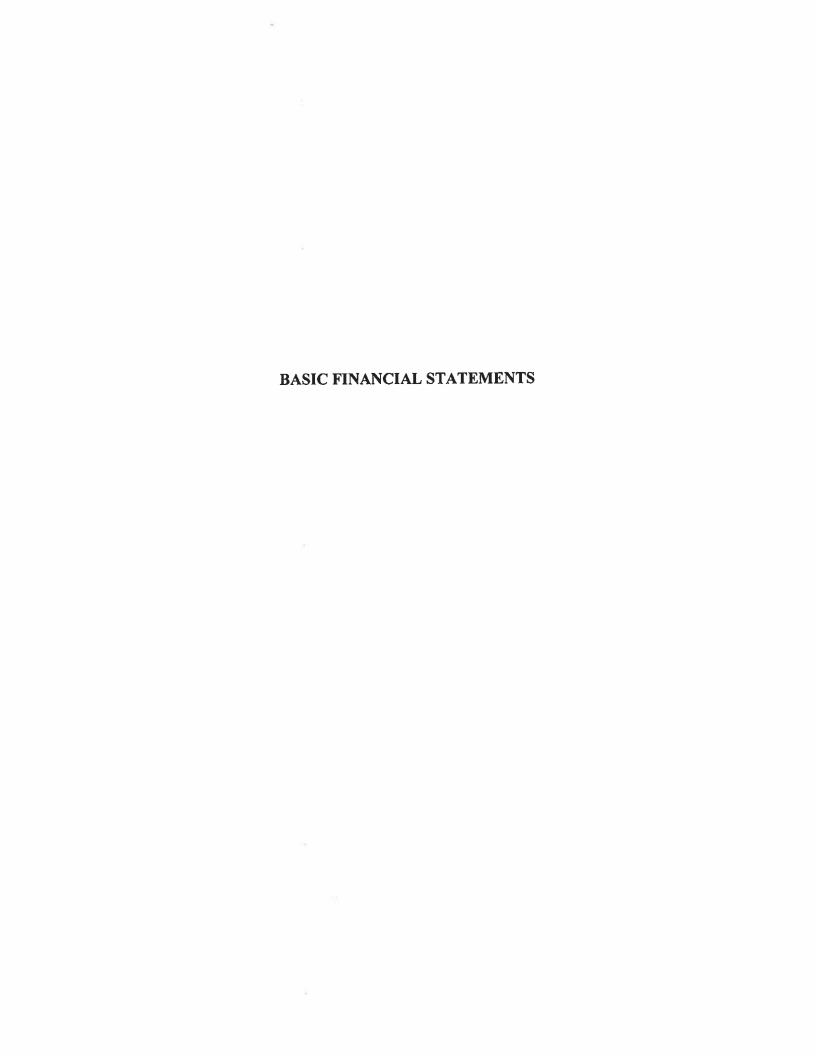
The City's economic environment is dependent on Palm Beach County's and the State of Florida's economic activities which are impacted by the City's sources of revenue. Other economic factors such as a weak economy, unemployment, commodities prices, growth and any new legislative bill and proposal may have a significant impact on the City's operations. City of South Bay has been fortunate to be located in an area with the opportunity to annex lands, which could be utilized for future development, additional employment opportunities and increases in property valuations and revenues.

The City primarily relies on various taxes levied by the state (sales and utilities) as well as franchise and other business tax receipts for governmental activities. The governmental fund budget has kept operational spending fairly unchanged. The City's elected officials consider many factors and establish goals, and priorities when adopting the annual budget each year. Improvements to roads will be funded by grants' monies that are expected to be received during 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Effective October 1, 2006, the fire rescue services was transferred to Palm Beach County Fire Rescue MSTU (municipal service tax unit). In accordance with this agreement, the City's property owners \$3.4581 mills of \$1,000 of taxable value are maintained by Palm Beach County and the City's millage rate remains at 6.3089. The property values have begun to stabilize and an increase of 5.12% is projected for the fiscal year 2018-2019.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances to its citizens, taxpayers, customers, creditors and investors, to demonstrate the City's accountability to the aforementioned. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 335 S.W. 2nd Avenue, South Bay, FL 33493. Additional information is also available on the City's website.



City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,020,632	\$ 2,420,784	\$ 4,441,416
Accounts receivable (net of allowances	60.400	120.466	100.000
for uncollectible accounts)	60,402	130,466	190,868
Due from government Prepaid items	329,607 53,601	-	329,607 53,601
Due from other funds	3,390	749,585	752,975
Restricted assets:	3,050	7.5,505	102,910
Cash and cash equivalents	114,578	25,327	139,905
Investments	-	956,756	956,756
Capital assets	2,685,188	255,171	2,940,359
Other assets	549,151	40,204	589,355
Total assets	5,816,549	4,578,293	10,394,842
Deferred outflows:			
Deferred outflows-pension	76,229		76,229
Total deferred outflows	76,229	-	76,229
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	190,179	7,507	197,686
Accrued liabilities	15,965	-	15,965
Compensated absences	64,313	-	64,313
Due to other funds	749,585	3,390	752,975
Payable from restricted assets:		55.005	
Interest payable Long-term debt:	-	25,087	25,087
-	26 147	6 120 606	150 772
Due within in one year	26,147 58,965	132,626	158,773
Capital lease	36,903	1 061 221	58,965
Due in more than one year	-	1,061,321	1,061,321
Net pension liability	120,648	· -	120,648
Total liabilities	1,225,802	1,229,931	2,455,733
Deferred inflows:			
Deferred inflows-revenues	151,233	-	151,233
Deferred inflows-pension	13,114	<u> </u>	13,114
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,542,543	255,171	2,797,714
Restricted for:	F0		***
Prepaid items	53,601	-	53,601
Capital projects	882,525	2.002.101	882,525
Unrestricted	1,023,960	3,093,191	4,117,151
Total net position	\$ 4,502,629	\$ 3,348,362	\$ 7,850,991

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Opera Gr Con	Operating/Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	:	Total
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 1,429,172	v ₃	€9	126,662	\$ (1,302,510)	s	8	(1,302,510)
Public safety Highways and streets	193,761	54,377		289,204	\$ (292,557)			(292,557)
Culture and recreation	121,330	.6		44,580	(76,750)	,		(76,750)
Interest	1,324	- 24 377		460 446	(1,324)	•		(1,866,902)
Total governmental activities Business type activities	77,100,7							; ;
Water and sewer	9,764	rc		•	1	(6,764)		(9,764)
Sanitation	462,546	655,265		1	•	192,719		192,719
Total business fone activities	472.310	655,265		•	1	182,955	!	182,955
Total governmental	\$ 2,854,035	⇔	69	460,446	(1,866,902)	182,955		(1,683,947)
General revenue:								
Taxes:					397.806	5		397,806
Ad Valorem					680,039	rij		680,039
Franchise other taxes					512,713			512,713
Sales taxes					197,597	•		197,597
State revenue sharing					280,485	141		280,485
Payment in Heu of taxes					264,476	•		264,476
Occupational licenses and permits					9,530	23,272		32,802
Investment carnings					107,140	155,979		263,119
Other					61,575	(61,575)		1
Intertuna transfers					2,511,361	117,676		2,629,037
Change in not notified					644,459	300,631		945,090
distilled in the position					3,858,170	3,047,731		6,905,901
iver position, oegiming of year					069 603 17 3	2 3 348 362	8	7.850.991
Net position, end of year						1	,	

City of South Bay, Florida Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

September 30, 2018

	<u>N</u>	1ajor Fund General Fund	Noi	nmajor Fund Capital Projects	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of	\$	1,179,592	\$	841,040	\$	2,020,632
allowances for uncollectible)		60,402		-		60,402
Due from government		169,821		159,786		329,607
Prepaid items		53,601		-		53,601
Due from other funds		3,390		-		3,390
Other assets		549,151		-		549,151
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		114,578		-		114,578
Total assets	\$	2,130,535	\$	1,000,826	\$	3,131,361
Liabilities and fund balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	71,878	\$	118,301	\$	190,179
Accrued liabilities		15,965		-		15,965
Due to other funds		749,585		-		749,585
Total liabilities		837,428		118,301		955,729
Deferred inflows		151,233		-		151,233
Fund balances:						
Non-spendable:						
Prepaid items		53,601		-		53,601
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		-		882,525		882,525
Committed to:						
Compensated absences		64,313		-		64,313
Unassigned		1,023,960				1,023,960
Total fund Balances		1,141,874		882,525		2,024,399
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,130,535	\$	1,000,826	\$	3,131,361

City of South Bay, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

Fund Balance – Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,024,399
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet		2,685,188
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		
Compensated absences \$	(64,313)	
Pension liabilities	(57,533)	
General obligation notes and lease payable	(85,112)	
		 (206,958)
Total net position – Governmental Activities		\$ 4,502,629

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Major Fund	Nonmajor	Total		
	General Fund	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds		
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 1,349,468	\$ -	\$ 1,349,468		
Licenses and permits	264,476	-	264,476		
Intergovernmental	604,744	574,875	1,179,619		
Charges for services	54,377	-	54,377		
Fines and forfeitures	3,522	-	3,522		
Rents	30,000	-	30,000		
Investment income	7,920	1,610	9,530		
Miscellaneous revenues	73,618		73,618		
Total revenues	2,388,125	576,485	2,964,610		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	1,235,341	6,398	1,241,739		
Public safety	193,761	-	193,761		
Highways and streets	461,576	-	461,576		
Culture and recreation	110,770	-	110,770		
Capital outlay	158,060	420,267	578,327		
Debt services:		19			
Principal	16,064	-	16,064		
Interest	1,324		1,324		
Total expenditures	2,176,896	426,665	2,603,561		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfer in	61,575	125,000	186,575		
Operating transfer out	(125,000)	<u>-</u>	(125,000)		
Capital lease	74,166	_	74,166		
Total other financing sources (uses):	10,741	125,000	135,741		
Net change in fund balance	221,970	274,820	496,790		
Fund balances, beginning of year	919,904	607,705	1,527,609		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,141,874	\$ 882,525	\$ 2,024,399		

City of South Bay, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 496,790
Governmental fund report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of the activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:	
Expenditures for capital assets	578,418
Current year depreciation	(344,114)
Capital lease	(74,166)
The repayment of principal reduces long-term liabilities and is not reported in the statement of the activities, but the repayment is reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	16,064
Some expenses reported in the government wide statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental fund:	
Compensated absences	(10,776)
Pension expense	(17,757)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 644,459

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

September 30, 2018

Total

	Major Fund					Business-Type Activities		
	Water and]	Enterprise			
		Sewer	Sanitation			Funds		
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	370,565	\$	2,050,219	\$	2,420,784		
Accounts receivable, net		21,593		108,873		130,466		
Due from other funds		749,585		-		749,585		
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		25,327				25,327		
Total current assets		1,167,070		2,159,092		3,326,162		
Non-current assets:								
Restricted assets								
Investments		956,756		<u>-</u>		956,756		
Capital assets								
Property, net		255,171		_		255,171		
Other assets		40,204		-		40,204		
Total non-current assets		1,252,131				1,252,131		
Total assets	\$	2,419,201	\$	2,159,092	\$	4,578,293		

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2018

Total

		Major	Fund			siness-Type Activities	
	Major Fund Water and				Enterprise		
		Sewer	Sanitation		Funds		
Liabilities and net assets							
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	7,507	\$	7,507	
Due to other fund		-		3,390		3,390	
Current portion of long-term debt		103,926				103,926	
Total current liabilities		103,926 10,897				114,823	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Interest payable		25,087		-		25,087	
Current portion of bond payable	28,700				28,700		
Total current liabilities payable							
from current restricted assets		53,787				53,787	
Non-current liabilities:							
Long-term portion of accounts payable		92,821				92,821	
Long-term portion of bond payable		968,500				968,500	
Total non-current liabilities		1,061,321		<u>-</u>		1,061,321	
Total liabilities		1,219,034		10,897		1,229,931	
Net position:							
Invested in capital assets		255,171				255,171	
Unrestricted		944,996		2,148,195		3,093,191	
Total net position	\$ 1,200,167 \$ 2,			2,148,195	\$	3,348,362	

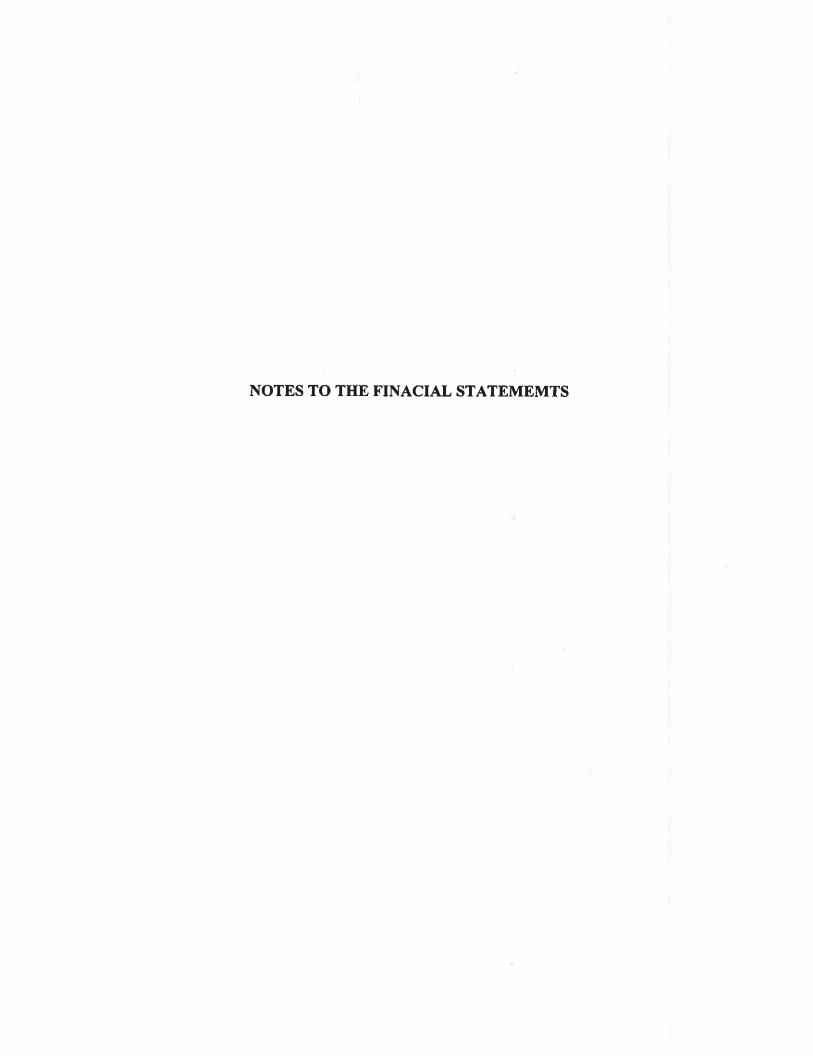
City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

					В	Total usiness-Type	
	Major Fund					Activities	
	Water					Enterprise Funds	
	and Sewer			Sanitation			
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	_	\$	655,265	\$	655,265	
Municipal fee		155,979	•	_		155,979	
Total operating revenues		155,979	655,265			811,244	
Operating expenses:							
Contractual services		~		455,403		455,403	
Other services and charges		3,570		7,143		10,713	
Total operating expenses		3,570		462,546		466,116	
Operating income		152,409		192,719		345,128	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest revenue		1,786		21,486		23,272	
Interest expense		(6,194)		-		(6,194)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(4,408)		21,486		17,078	
Income before transfer out		148,001		214,205		362,206	
Transfer out		-	81	(61,575)	<u> </u>	(61,575)	
Change in net position		148,001		152,630		300,631	
Net position, beginning of year		1,052,166		1,995,565		3,047,731	
Net position, end of year	\$	1,200,167	\$	2,148,195	\$	3,348,362	

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Major	Fund		A	Total siness-Type Activities
		Water id Sewer	Sanitation		Enterprise Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	157,286 (1,000)	\$	661,836 (462,980)	\$	819,122 (463,980)
Net cash provided by operating activities		156,286		198,856		355,142
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Interest paid		(6,194)		-		(6,194)
Principal paid		(128,517)				(128,517)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(134,711)				(134,711)
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing						
activities: Advances from/to other funds Transfer out to General fund		(36,792)		36,934 (61,575)		142 (61,575)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(36,792)		(24,641)		(61,433)
Cash flows from investing activities:				** ***		02.070
Interest received		1,786		21,486		23,272 27,400
Decrease in investment		27,400				
Net cash provided by investing activities		29,186		21,486		50,672
Net increase in cash		13,969		195,701		209,670
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		356,596		1,854,518		2,211,114
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	370,565	<u>\$</u>	2,050,219	\$	2,420,784
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	152,409	\$	192,719	\$	345,128
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						0.570
Depreciation		2,570		-		2,570
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable (Decrease) in accounts payable		1,307		6,571 (434)		7,878 (434)
		3,877		6,137		10,014
Total adjustments					<u> </u>	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	156,286	\$	198,856	\$	355,142



NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:</u>

The City of South Bay, Florida (the "City") is a municipality within the legal and geographic boundaries of Palm Beach County, Florida, incorporated in October 1963 pursuant to Chapter 166, Florida Statutes. It is an instrumentality of the State of Florida established to carry on a centralized municipal government. The City Commission ("Commission") is responsible for the legislative and fiscal control of the City. A City Manager and Treasurer are appointed by the Commission and are responsible for the administrative and fiscal control of the City's resources maintained in the funds and account groups described below.

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

(a) Reporting Entity

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board that establish standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity is defined based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City is financially accountable for a component unit if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and if the City is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Based upon the application of these criteria, management has determined that there are no other organizations that met the criteria described above.

(b) The Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental Revenues, are reported separately from business-type Activities, which rely to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include the following: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues instead.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. In fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, there are no remaining governmental funds to be aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund-based financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The City applies eligible expenses against available restricted resources before the use of unrestricted resources.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Regardless of the timing of related cash flow revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred,

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligible requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Ad valorem taxes and charges for services are susceptible to accrual when collected in the current year or within 60 days subsequent to year end, provided that amounts received pertain to billings through the fiscal year ended. Intergovernmental revenue and utility service taxes are recorded in

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

accordance with their legal or contractual requirements, if collected in the current period or within 30 days after year end. Interest is recorded when earned. Licenses, permits, fines, forfeitures, and miscellaneous revenue are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Occupational license revenue collected in advance of periods to which they relate is recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except that principal and interest on long-term obligations are reported only when due in conformity with GAAP.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standard do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, producing and delivering of goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal operations; in the case of the City, water and sewer revenues include the charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for water and sanitation include the cost of providing these services the depreciation on capital assets, and the associated administrative costs. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds and Basis Presentation

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The City electively records funds as major funds which either have significant outstanding debt proceeds or a specific community focus.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenue is derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal distributions, grants and other intra-governmental revenue. The general operating expenditures, fixed

NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):</u>

Charges, and capital outlay costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities related to providing water and sewer services to the City's residents.

The Sanitation Fund accounts for activities related to solid waste, trash, and mosquito control services, which are provided to the City residents.

(d) <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity:</u>

(1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the City's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. City deposits include cash on hand, time and demand deposits, cash held with fiscal agent. City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use of all funds. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to each of the funds based on the fund's average equity balance. The City's cash and investment pool allows individual funds, at any time, to deposit additional cash or make withdrawals without prior notice or penalty. Cash and cash equivalents reported in the government-wide financial statements include cash on hand, all highly liquid deposits, and investments with maturities of three month or less as of the purchase.

Deposit Custodian Credit Risk

All of the City's bank deposits are held in qualified public depositories and they are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000.

The uninsured balance at September 30, 2017 was \$3,848,300 on bank statements balance less FDIC insurance at that time.

(2) <u>Unbilled Accounts Receivable</u>

Property funds recognize revenue on the monthly cycle billing basis to customers for services provided. As a result of this cycle billing method, there are unbilled receivables at the end of each fiscal year, with respect to services provided but not billed at fiscal year end. It is the policy of the City to accrue Water and Sewer and Sanitation Funds unbilled revenue at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

(3) Accounts Receivable

The City's Accounts receivables are presented in the financial statements net of allowances for uncollectible accounts.

(4) Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are written off on an individual basis in the year the City deems them uncollectible. Allowances for doubtful accounts have been provided for those accounts where collectability appears to be doubtful.

(5) Investments

The City's investments for all funds are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices. Investments consist of U.S Government time deposit securities. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on the trade dates. Net realized gains and losses on sales of investments are reflected in current operating results as earnings.

(6) Restricted Assets and Reserves

Pursuant to various revenue bond indenture agreements, specific enterprise fund assets are required to be segregated as to use and, are, therefore, identified as restricted assets. For certain restricted assets, offsetting reserves have been established by charges to retained earnings.

(7) Grants from Government Agencies

Certain grants, under the various federal and state programs, are included in the general fund. Grant monies, if and when received, are disbursed by these funds for goods and services as prescribed under the respective grant programs or are transferred to other City funds for ultimate distribution under the terms of the grants. These programs are dependent on financial assistance by the state and federal governments.

(8) Capital Assets

Capital asset acquisitions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Such assets are capitalized at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements for both governmental activities and business-type activities. In the case of gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of receipt. Capital costs which materially

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Capital Assets (Continued)

extend the useful life of existing properties are capitalized. Net capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$750 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Interest is capitalized on projects during the construction period based upon average accumulated project expenditures.

Infrastructure assets (bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, lighting and drainage systems and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the City) are capitalized and reported in the infrastructure category.

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Asset Type		<u>Life</u>
Building and building improvement	7	25-50
Improvement other than building and road		20
Infrastructure		50
Equipment and machinery		4-10

Depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition and none in the month of disposal

(9) Compensated Absences

The City accrues for compensated absences in accordance with GASB No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. In the governmental funds, only the portion which would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued; whereas in the government-wide presentations, both the current and long-term portions are reported.

Employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation and 24 days of sick leave annually. If an employee resigns in good standing or retires, the City pays accrued vacation from 25% to 50% and accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 60 days.

(10) Deferred and Unearned Revenues

Deferred revenues are recorded for governmental fund receivable that are not yet available. Inflow that does not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as occupational licenses collected in advance are recorded as unearned revenues, in both the governmental fund and governmental-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

(11) Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligation are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, in the business-type activities, or in the proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the reported net of the applicable premium or discount. These premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Issuance costs are expenses in the year they are incurred.

(12) Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which subject the City to credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is generally diversified due to the large number of utility customers comprising the City's utility customer base. The City requires deposits from its customers and maintains an allowance for potential credit losses.

(13) Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied on October 1 of every year; tax bills are mailed November 1 and are delinquent if not paid by the following March, and Tax certificates are sold for all taxes unpaid in July. The City's tax revenue is collected by the County's tax collector, who then remits to the City, monies collected following a calendar prescribed by law.

(14) Deferred inflows and outflows of Resources

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivable for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Furthermore, the governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Unearned revenues at the government-with level arise only when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

(15) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financials statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

(16) Fund Balance

The City used restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal agreements that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending.

Additionally the City would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for the purpose for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classification that comprise a hierarchy based primary on the extent to which the City is bound to constraint on the specific purpose for which amount in those funds can be spent. Amounts restricted to specific purpose are as follows:

- Constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of the governments, and
- Constraints imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purpose pursuant to constraint imposed by the City Commissioners through a resolution or an ordinance are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are classified as assigned fund balances. Constraints imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances. Assignments are made by City's management based on the City Commissioners' direction.

Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent since they are either (a) not in spendable from or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Unassigned fund balance represents a fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the general fund.

(17) Net Position

Net assets of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted or unrestricted. Invested

NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):</u>

(17) Net Position (Continued)

in capital assets, net of related debt is that portion of net assets that relates to the City's capital assets reduced by the portion of the assets that has been acquired through the use of long-term debt. This amount is offset by any unspent proceeds that are outstanding at fiscal year-end. Restricted net assets is that portion of net assets that has been restricted for general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(18) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City prepares an annual operating budget for both the general fund and the special revenues fund which are reflected in these financial statements. The City's budgeting process is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures and requires that all budgets be approved by the City of South Bay's City Commissioners (the "Commissioners") after a public hearing is held. Subsequent amendments to the budget, if any, are approved by the Commissioners.

Budgets are prepared on the same basis of accounting as required for Governmental Fund Types. Expenditures may exceed the approved budget amounts for individual categories as long as the total does not exceed the approved budget. Any remaining fund balances remain with the City each year.

NOTE 2 – INVESTMENTS:

Investments consist of U.S Government time deposit securities. The table below summarizes the scheduled maturities of the investments at September 30, 2018:

	Fair Value of Investments Maturities					
	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years	Six To Ten Years	More Than Ten Years	Total	
U.S Government securities	<u>\$ 25,893</u>	<u>\$ 151,873</u>	<u>\$ 196,872</u>	<u>\$ 582,118</u>	956,756	

On December 12, 1998, the City issued Second Subordinate Water Revenue Bonds Series 1998 for \$1,339,000 with interest of 4.75% to the U.S Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service in connection with providing water and sewer services at the correctional facility in the City known as the Off-Site Improvements. Prior to the issuance of the bonds, \$1,338,760 was placed with the U.S. Treasury in time deposit securities to service the bond debt under an agreement for the water and sewer services. The interest rates on the securities range from 3.782% to 5.400%. The annual payments on the bonds are payable from the maturities of these investments.

NOTE 2 – <u>INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued):

Credit Risk – The Second Subordinate Water Revenue Bond Series 1998 limits the investments to United States Government or United States Treasury Bonds, certificates, notes, bills, or interest-bearing time deposits with the depositories of the City. The interest derived from such investments or deposits shall accrue as revenue to the general fund of the City, except in the case of special funds for which the City is required by agreement or by law to credit such special funds with interest on the invested balances.

The City has elected to proceed under the alternative investment guideline as set forth in section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The City may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- (a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pools pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- (b) Security and Exchange Commission registered money market funds the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- (c) Interest bearing time deposits or saving accounts in qualified depositories;
- (d) Direct obligation of the U.S. Treasury.

Securities listed in paragraph (c) and (d) shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured. The City reports all interest related revenue to investments activities in the respective funds and reports investments at fair value.

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NOTE 3 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS:</u>

Changes in capital assets of the City as of September 30, 2018, are shown below:

		Balance 9/30/2017	Ir	ıcreases	Decreases	0	Balance 9/30/2018
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated				14			
Land	\$	217,188	\$	21,635	S -	\$	238,823
Total capital assets not being depreciated		217,188		21,635			238,823
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements		843,715		-	-		843,715
Improvement other than buildings and roads		181,919		-	-		181,919
Infrastructure		10,394,285		279,490	-		10,673,775
Equipment and machinery		688,893		136,425	-		825,318
Construction in progress		27,654		162,882	22,014		168,522
Total capital assets being depreciated		12,136,466		578,797	22,014	_	12,693,249
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		627,382		20,924			648,306
Improvement other than buildings and roads		181,918		-			181,918
Infrastructure		8,434,334		298,228			8,732,562
Equipment and machinery		659,136		24,962			684,098_
Total accumulated depreciation		9,902,770		344,114			10,246,884
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,233,696		234,683	22,014	_	2,446,365
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	2,450,884	\$	256,318	22,014	\$	2,685,188
		Balance 09/30/2017		Increases	Decreases		Balance 09/30/2018
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated	•	212.027	•		¢	4	212,927
Land	\$	212,927	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		212,927
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	212,927					212,721
Capital assets being depreciated:		128,521		_	-		128,521
Utility plant and systems Total capital assets being depreciated	_	128,521					128,521
Total accumulated depreciation	_	83,707		2,570			86,277
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	44,814		(2,570)	-		42,244
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	257,741	\$	(2,570)	s -		255,171

NOTE 3 – <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued):

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental activities

General government Highway and streets Culture and recreation	\$ 28,874 304,680 10,560
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 344,114

NOTE 4 – LONG TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt activities for the year ended September 30, 2018, are shown below:

	Balance 09/30/2017		Increases		Decreases		Balance 09/30/2018	
Governmental activities:								
Capital lease obligation	\$	27,010	\$	74,166	\$	16,064	\$	85,112
Compensated absences		53,537		10,776		_		64,313
Total governmental activities	\$	80,547	\$	84,942	\$	16,064	\$	149,425
Business-type activities:								
Bond payable	\$ 1	,024,600	\$	-	\$	27,400	\$	997,200
Account payable		297,864	******			101,117		196,747
Total business-type activities	1	,322,464		_ 0		128,517		1,193,947
Total long-term debt	\$ 1	,403,011	\$	84,942	\$	144,581	\$	1,343,372

Long-Term Debt of Business type Activities:

Subordinate bonds were issued by the City to finance the cost of construction and erection of extensions and improvements to the City's water and sewer system. The revenues from the water and sewer system, certain excise taxes are the City's guaranteed entitlement to revenue sharing trust funds, and all other money derived from sources other than ad valorem taxation are pledged as security for the bonds. The maturities of outstanding debt are summarized as follows:

NOTE 4 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued):

Bond Series 1998 Second Subordinate Water Revenue

Fiscal year of Maturity	Principal	Amount	<u>Interest</u>		Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 - 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038	\$	28,700 30,000 31,500 33,000 34,500 198,900 250,800 316,300	\$	47,367 46,004 44,579 43,083 41,515 181,355 129,419 63,925	\$ 76,067 76,004 76,079 76,083 76,015 380,255 380,219 380,225
Total 2039	\$	73,500 997,200	\$	3,491 600,738	\$ 76,991 1,597,938
Change during fiscal year: Outstanding October 1, 2017 Retired Outstanding September 30, 2018			\$	1,024,600 (27,400) 997,200	
Due within one year Due in more than one year			\$	28,700 968,500 997,200	

The interest rate is 4.75% on the Second Subordinate Bonds Series 1998.

Long-Term Debt of Governmental Activities:

Settlement Agreement:

1 - On February 28, 2012, the City entered into a settlement agreement with a vendor for \$350,000 relating to an outstanding payable in amount of \$348,438 in water and sewer fund. Under the term of this settlement, the City agreed to pay an initial payment of \$50,000 on March 15, 2012, and monthly installment payments of \$3,942 including interest, for 99 consecutive payments. The future payment for this liability is as follows:

September 30,

2019	\$ 47,309
2020	 27,598
Total payment	74,907
Less amount represent interest payment	 (3,160)
Net payment	\$ 71,747

NOTE 4 – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued):

2 – On January 12, 2015, the City entered into a settlement agreement with a vendor for \$500,000 relating to outstanding balance of a payable for the sewer services from September 2005 through September 30, 2009. Under the term of this settlement, the City agreed to pay an initial payment of \$200,000 on January 20, 2015, and \$5,000 monthly installment payments effective October 1, 2015 for sixty months. The monthly payment is secured by host fees which it payable to the City by Palm Beach County Water Department. The future payment for this liability is as follows:

	September 30,			
	2019	U. s	5	60,000
	2020			60,000
	2021	_		5,000
Total payment		_	\$	125,000

NOTE 5 – <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

From 10 to 20 days of vacation and 24 days of sick leave can be earned by employees annually. If an employee resigns in good standing or retires, the City pays accrued vacation and from 25% to 50% of accumulated sick leaves up to a maximum of 60 days.

The change in compensated absences during the year is as follows:

		Governmental Activities			
Balances at October 1, 2017 Increase	ž.	\$	53,537 10,776		
Balance at September 30, 2018		\$	64,313		

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL LEASE:

1- The City purchased various autos under capital leases from third parties and recorded the transactions in *Governmental Activities*. The future minimum lease payments under this capital leases and the present value of net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending		
2019		\$ 24,234
2020		21,218
2021		21,218
2022	(a)	14,953
Total minimum lease payments		81,623

NOTE 6 – <u>CAPITAL LEASE (Continued):</u>

Less: amount representing interest	(8,927)
Present value of future payments	<u>\$_72,696</u>

2- The City purchased three lawn mowers under a capital lease from a third party and recorded the transaction in *Governmental Activities* at \$23,838. The future minimum lease payment under this capital lease and the present value of net minimum lease payment at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending	
2019	\$ 5,960
2020	5,960
2021	<u>496</u>
Total minimum lease payment	<u>\$ 12,416</u>

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information - In accordance with Ordinance 15-2010 dated October 19, 2010, the City established Florida Retirement System (FRS) Investment Plan for the City Commissioners and the appointed officers (defined contribution plan). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services. First is Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan"), and the second is Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, City government, district school board, state university, community college, participating city or special district in Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information from FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the following Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined contribution plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, regular class members who retire at or after age 62, with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. This payment is equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before the age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service, or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The payment is equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62, with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service and normal retirement to age increased to 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age members, Senior Management Service members, and Elected Officers' class members. The normal age increased to 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Finally, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011 and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent, determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for 60

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants

Contributions – Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and from July 1, 2018 through September 30, 2018, respectively, were as follows: Regular 7.92% and 8.26%; Special Risk Administrative Support—34.63% and 34.98%; Special Risk 23.27% and 24.50%; Senior Management Service 22.71% and 24.06%; Elected Officers' 45.50% and 48.70%; and DROP participants 13.26% and 14.03%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan

subsidy for the periods October 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and from July 1, 2017 through September 30, 2018 respectively.

The City's contributions, including employee contributions, to the Pension Plan totaled \$11,923 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$109,994 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2016-2017 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2015-2016 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was .000365181 percent, which was an increase of .000088279 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$27,421. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

Description		Deferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	9,318	\$	338	
Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		35,941		11.	
plan investments Change in proportion and differences between City pension plan contributions				8,498	
and proportionate share of contributions City pension plan contributions Subsequent to the measurement date		26,463 2,055		2,560	
Total	\$	73,777	\$	11,396	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$2,055 and resulting from City contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to the Pension Plan, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30,	,	Mount
September 30,		Milouit
2019	\$	8,557
2020		8,557
2021		6,807
2022		3,035
2023		2,105
Thereafter		31,265
Total	\$	60,326

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions. The assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 %
Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

Investment rate of return

7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but it instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class		Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash		1.0%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed Income		18.0%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global Equity		54.0%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real Estate		11.0%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private Equity		10.0%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic Investments		6.0%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
Total		100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean				2.60%	1.90%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

	Current							
		Decrease (6.0%)	Dis	count Rate (7.0%)	19	1% Increase (8.0%)		
City's proportionate share of the net								
pension liability	\$	200,744	\$	109,994	\$	34,621		

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2018, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$109,994 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

HIS Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> — The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and it may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered, retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the

HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and from July 1, 2018 through September 30, 2018 was 1.66% respectively. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The City's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$546 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2018, City reported a liability of \$10,654 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2016-17 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2015-16 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was .000100660 percent, which was an increase of .000025358 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,261. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De	ferred	De	ferred	
	Outf	lows of	Inflows of		
Description	Res	sources	Resources		
Difference between expected	\$	163	\$	18	
and actual experience					
Change in assumptions		1,185		1,126	
Net difference between projected					
and actual earnings on pension					
plan investments		6		-	
Change in proportion and differences					
between City pension plan contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions		3,152		573	
City pension plan contributions					
Subsequent to the measurement date		110		_	
Total	\$	4,616	\$	1,717	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$110 resulting from City contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

Fiscal Year						
Ending						
September 30,	Amount					
2019	\$	468				
2020		468				
2021		468				
2022		534				
2023		330				
Thereafter		521				
Total	\$	2,789				

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 %

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Municipal bond rate 3.87%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.87%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension

liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.87% as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.87%) or one percentage point higher (4.87%) than the current rate:

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

	Current							
		Decrease 2.87%)	(4)	count Rate 3.87%	1% Increase 4.87%			
City's proportionate share of the net	e	12 124	¢.	10.654	\$	9.420		
pension liability	Э	12,134	Ф	10,034	Φ	7,720		

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the, separately issued, FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2018, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$10,654 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Investment Plan

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected City Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts. The individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2014-15 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, Special Risk class 14.00%, Senior Management Service class 7.67% and City Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If

NOTE 7 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the pension plan is transferred to the Investment Plan. The member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump- sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$10,980 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE MONEY PURCHASE PENSION PLAN:

The City provides retirement benefits for all of its eligible employees through a money purchase pension plan and Florida Retirement System Investment Plan for the City Commissioners and appointed officers. The contributions to the employee retirement are as follows:

Money Purchase Pension Plan:

A Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "Plan") covers all City employees who have completed a fourth year of eligible service and agree in writing to make the required employee contributions to the Plan. The required employee contribution is five percent of compensation received. The City's matching contribution is equal to the five percent mandatory employee contribution for the year.

The City's matching contributions to the Plan are invested in annuity contracts and/or life insurance policies issued by an insurance company. Furthermore, the contracts and policies are issued in the employee's name. Employee benefits are vested at a rate of ten percent per year and are fully vested after ten years. An employee is eligible for early retirement within ten years of normal retirement date and has ten years of vested service.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE MONEY PURCHASE PENSION PLAN (Continued):

The pension expense under this plan for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

General Fund

\$ 29,959

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2018 were:

	Interfund Receivables			nterfund Payables	T	Transfer In	Transfer Out		
General fund – major	\$	3,390	\$	749,585	\$	-	\$		
Sanitation fund – major enterprise		-		3,390		36,792		-	
Water & sewer fund - major enterprise		749,585		-		-		36,792	
	\$	\$ 752,975		\$ 752,975		\$ 36,792		36,792	

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occurred between individual funds for good and services. The receivables and payables are classified in the Statement of Net Assets as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds."

NOTE 10 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS:

The City receives financial assistance from federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants and revenues sharing programs. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, resulting from such audits, could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any disallowed claims would not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the City as of September 30, 2018.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City purchases insurance for exposures related to various liabilities legal matters, and all other risks of loss. During the past three fiscal years, no settlements exceeded the coverage by this insurance.

NOTE 12 – <u>UTILITY CONTRACT:</u>

On June 15, 2009, The City of South Bay, The City of Pahokee, The City of Belle Glade, and Palm Beach County entered into an interlocal agreement establishing "The Glades Utility Authority" (the "Authority").

Under this agreement, the City's utilities operations were transferred to the Authority effective October 1, 2009, and the Authority assumed the responsibility of the water and sewer as well as the outstanding bond debt for the three cities.

During 2012, because of extreme high debt payment obligations, substandard infrastructure and loss of customers, there was going concern in regard to the Authority continuing to operate

without substantial utility rate increase. As result, the Authority dissolved and effective March 31, 2013, all the utilities functions of the three-cities were transferred to Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department (PBCWUD). As result of this transition, all the outstanding debts of the City in amount of \$2,157,000 as of March 31, 2013 and on May 20, 2014 was paid off.

The City of South Bay will continue to provide the solid waste, trash and mosquito control services. Under the agreement, the Authority agreed to bill the City's customers for the sanitation services for a fee of one percent to the total of the monthly collection revenue. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City paid \$7,143 for the collection fees.

The agreement with PBCWUD shall be for an initial term of fifty (50) fiscal years commenced on the day that the agreement was executed and the agreement shall, thereafter, automatically renew for successive ten (10) year periods until terminated.

Under the agreement, both Authority and PBCWUD are required to pay the City an annual entity transfer fee equal to seven percent based on annual gross revenues. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City received \$155,979 for entity transfer fee.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

The City provides no post healthcare or life insurance benefits to former City's employee after retirement. Therefore, GASB 45 – "Accounting and financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions" would have no material effect on the City.

NOTE 14 – MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW:

Management has evaluated subsequent event through May 23, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

	SUPPLEMENT	ARY INFORMATION	
95.			
			2

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original	Final		Variance Favorable				
Downson	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)				
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 1,314,271	\$ 1,324,536	\$ 1,349,468	\$ 24,932				
Licenses and permits	165,400	254,250	264,476	10,226				
Intergovernmental	511,545	596,545	604,744	8,199				
Charges for services	53,932	53,932	54,377	445				
Fines and forfeitures	4,500	4,500	3,522	(978)				
Rents	28,400	28,400	30,000	1,600				
Investment income	975	6,475	7,920	1,445				
Miscellaneous	17,040	71,305	73,618	2,313				
Total revenues	2,096,063	2,339,943	2,388,125	48,182				
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	1,196,205	1,358,850	1,235,341	123,509				
Public safety	185,761	194,261	193,761	500				
Highways and streets	501,327	501,327	461,576	39,751				
Culture and recreation	105,141	118,841	110,770	8,071				
Capital outlay	32,200	85,835	158,060	(72,225)				
Debt services:								
Principal	11,639	16,074	16,064	10				
Interest	365	1,330	1,324	6				
Total expenditures	2,032,638	2,276,518	2,176,896	99,622				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	62.40.5	50 10 F						
	63,425	63,425	211,229	147,804				
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfer in	61,575	61,575	61,575	-				
Operating transfer out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(125,000)	-				
Capital lease			74,166	74,166				
Total other financing sources (uses):	(63,425)	(63,425)	10,741	74,166				
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	221,970	\$ 221,970				
Fund balance, beginning of year			919,904					
Fund balance, end of year		12	\$ 1,141,874					

City of South Bay, Florida

Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

<u>Budgets</u> - Budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund. All governmental fund budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Under the law of the State of the Florida and the City of South Bay Code, the City Manager submits to the Mayor and City Commissioners, a proposed Budget and Financial Plan for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The Annual Budget and Financial Plan are prepared by fund, function and activities and include all proposed expenditures and means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers comments. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted by the City Commissioners through passage of a resolution.

Changes or amendments to increase or decrease the total amount of budgeted revenue or expenditures for a given fund must be approved by a majority vote of the City Commissioners; however, the change, amendments or transfers within the total revenue or expenditures for functions, activities or departments of a given fund may be approved by the City Manager. During the year the original budget increased by \$243,880, the revenue increased primarily due to additional revenues from permits and a FEMA grant in amount of \$90,000, and expenditures increased due to expenses incurred for hurricane Irma .

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget based on legally authorized revisions to the original budgets during the year.

Actual general fund revenues were over appropriations by \$48,182, when the actual general fund expenditures were under the appropriation by \$99,622.

<u>Encumbrances</u> — Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contract, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as extension of formal budgetary control. Encumbrance lapse at year end and become obligations of the subsequent year's budget. At September 30, 2018, the City did not have any commitments related to unperformed contracts.

NOTE 2 – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund is required to be prepared under the basis of accounting used in preparing the budget. As indicated in Note 1, the modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes.

City of South Bay, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018 2017		2016		2015		2014**			
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000365%		0.0	0.000277%		0.000281%		0.000309%		000483%
City's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	109,994	\$	81,906	\$	71,077	\$	39,933	\$	8,224
City's covered-employee payroll		33,584		24,000		23,000		23,000		14,917
City's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		327.52%		341.28%		309.03%		173.62%		55.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.26%		83.90%		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%

^{*} Amount represented for each fiscal year were determined as 0f 6/30.

^{**} Information prior to 2014 is not available.

City of South Bay, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contribution Florida Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2018	 2017	2016		2015		2014**	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,923	\$ 10,215	\$	9,148	\$	8,035	\$	6,196
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	11,923	10,215		9,148		8,035		6,196
City's covered-employee payroll	31,454	27,000		23,000		23,000		16,833
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	37.9%	37.8%		39.8%		34.9%		36.8%

^{*} Amount represented for each fiscal year were determined as 0f 9/30.

^{**} Information prior to 2014 is not available.

City of South Bay, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Health Insurance Subsidy Plain Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018 2017 2016		2015		2014**				
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000100%		0.000075%		0.000075%		0.000082%		0.000104%	
City's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	10,654	\$	8,052	\$	8,684	\$	8,325	\$	5,569
City's covered-employee payroll		33,584		24,000		23,000		23,000		14,917
City's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		31.72%		33.55%	40	37.76%		36.20%		37.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%

^{*} Amount represented for each fiscal year were determined as 0f 6/30.

^{**} Information prior to 2014 is not available.

City of South Bay, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contribution Health Insurance Subsidy Plain Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	2	2014**
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ •	\$	(4)
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	•	-	-		-
City's covered-employee payroll	31,454	27,000	23,000	23,000		16,833
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%

^{*} Amount represented for each fiscal year were determined as 0f 9/30.

^{**} Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Nonmajor Governmental Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Fund maintained to account for the proceeds of specific source that are legally restricted for capital expenditures.

City of South Bay, Florida Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Fund

September 30, 2018

	Capital Projects	al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 841,040	\$ 841,040
Due from government	 159,786	 159,786
Total assets	\$ 1,000,826	\$ 1,000,826
Liabilities and fund balances:		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 118,301	\$ 118,301
Total liabilities	118,301	118,301
Fund balances:		
Restricted for:		
Capital projects	882,525	882,525
Total fund Balance	882,525	 882,525
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,000,826	\$ 1,000,826

City of South Bay, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual]	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 767,996	\$ 792,523	\$ 574,875	\$	(217,648)
Interest income	-	-	1,610		1,610
Total revenues	767,996	792,523	576,485		(216,038)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	86,451	86,451	6,398		80,053
Highways and streets	883,334	907,861	-		907,861
Culture and recreation	395,100	395,100	-		395,100
Capital outlay	-	-	420,267		(420,267)
Total expenditures	1,364,885	1,389,412	426,665		962,747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(596,889)	(596,889)	 149,820		746,709
Other financing sources:					
Operating transfer in	 125,000	 125,000	 125,000		-
Total other financing sources:	125,000	125,000	125,000		-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (471,889)	\$ (471,889)	274,820	\$	746,709
Fund balance, beginning of year			 607,705		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 882,525		



Statistical Section

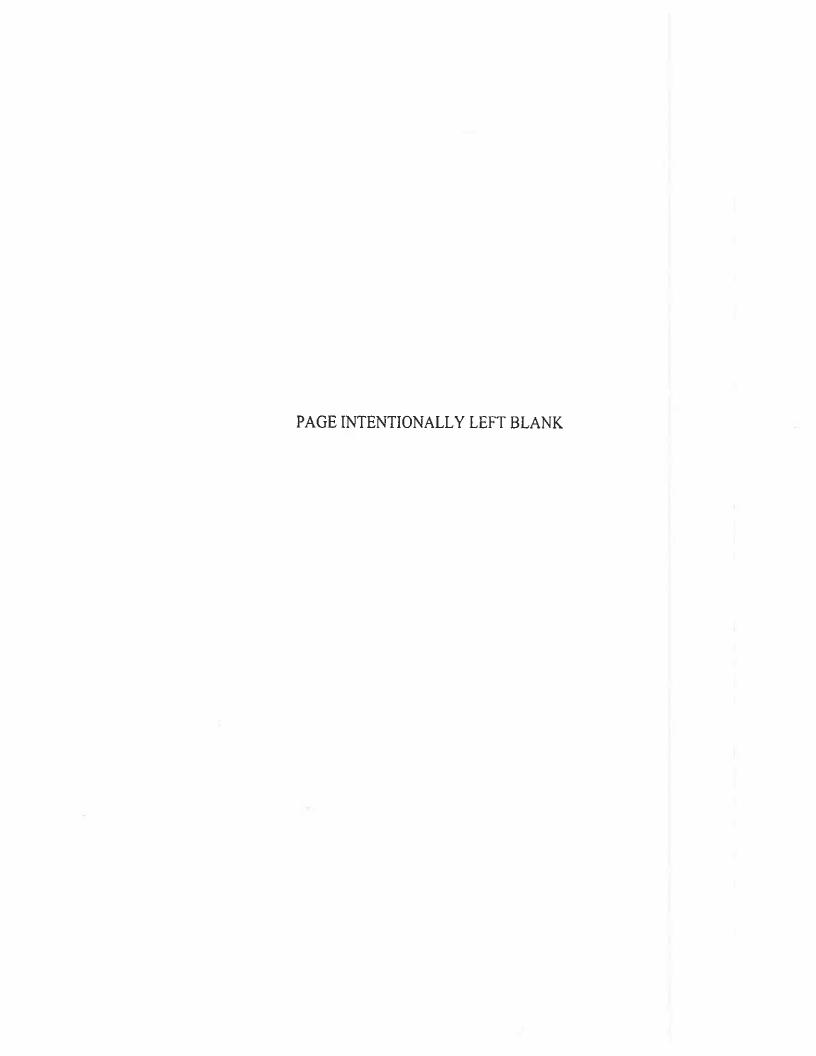
This part of the City of South Bay's Comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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Demographic and Economic Information
Principal Employers

City of South Bay, Florida Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal years (accrual basis of Accounting)

					Fis	scal Year				
Fiscal Year Ended 9/30		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
Governmental Activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,393,356	\$	2,489,756	\$	513,264	\$	508,227	\$	1,273,702
Restricted		369,784		47,371		46,972		72,057		110,603
Unrestricted		(1,039,706)		(596,417)		(644,187)		(742,111)		(166,201)
Total governmental activities net position		1,723,434		1,940,710	_	(83,951)	_	(161,827)		1,218,104
Business -Type Activities:										
Net investment in capital assets		3,195,581		273,163		273,163		270,593		268,022
Restricted		896,777		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		(1,016,874)		1.264.229		1,374,157	_	1,494,858	_	1,765,852
Total business-type activities net position		3,075,484		1,537,392	_	1,647,320	_	1,765,451		2,033,874
Primary Government:										
Net investment in capital assets		5,588,937		2,762,919		786,427		778,820		1,541,724
Restricted		1,266,561		47,371		46,972		72,057		110,603
Unrestricted		(2,056,580)		667,812	4.00.00	729,970	1.000	752,747		1,599,651
Total primary governmental net position	\$	4,798,918	\$	3,478,102	5	1,563,369	\$	1,603,624	\$	3,251,978
					Fi	scal Year				
		2014	_	2015	Fi	scal Year 2016		2017		2018
Governmental Activities:			•			2016			•	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,063,735		805,606	Fi:	2016 844,609	\$	2,384,098	\$	2,542,543
	<u> </u>	1,063,735 59,467	s	805,606 42,588		844,609 127,893	s	2,384,098 652,824	\$	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754	\$	805,606		2016 844,609	s	2,384,098	\$	2,542,543 936,126
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 	1,063,735 59,467	\$ 	805,606 42,588 311,174		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 	1,063,735 59,467 106,754	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 	1,063,735 59,467 106,754	\$ 	805,606 42,588 311,174		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956 265,452 - 1,683,269	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368 262,881 2,099,203		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311 - 2,490,421	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741 2,789,990	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629 255,171 3,093,191
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311	\$ 	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956 265,452 - 1,683,269	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368 262,881 2,099,203		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311 - 2,490,421	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741 2,789,990	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629 255,171 3,093,191
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956 265,452 - 1,683,269 1,948,721	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368 262,881 2,099,203 2,362,084		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311 2,490,421 2,750,732	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741 2,789,990 3,047,731	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629 255,171 3,093,191 3,348,362
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956 265,452 - 1,683,269 1,948,721	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368 262,881 2,099,203 2,362,084		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311	s	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741 	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629 255,171 3,093,191 3,348,362 2,797,714 936,126
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business -Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,063,735 59,467 106,754 1,229,956 265,452 - 1,683,269 1,948,721	\$	805,606 42,588 311,174 1,159,368 262,881 2,099,203 2,362,084		2016 844,609 127,893 578,881 1,551,383 260,311 2,490,421 2,750,732	\$ 	2,384,098 652,824 821,248 3,858,170 257,741 2,789,990 3,047,731	\$	2,542,543 936,126 1,023,960 4,502,629 255,171 3,093,191 3,348,362



City of South Bay, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal years (accrual basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30				
Expenses:	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ 1,004,316	\$ 1,153,663	\$ 1,255,058	\$ 1,297,615
Public safety	165,575	193,406	181,875	176,008
Highways and streets	507,438	705,582	472,057	498,107
Culture and recreation	21,162	43,617	90,355	65,433
Interest	7,158	5,983	3,054	3,400
Other	•	, -	753,460	-
Total governmental activities	1,705,649	2,102,251	2,755,859	2,040,563
Business -Type Activities:				
Water and sewer	2,289,098	41,086	2,711	107,561
Sanitation	427,658	326,383	309,498	323,673
Total business-type activities	2,716,756	367,469	312,209	431,234
Total primary governmental expenses	\$ 4,422,405	\$ 2,469,720	\$ 3,068,068	\$ 2,471,797
Program Revenues:				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for services	103,368	66,118	40,376	\$ 47,016
Operating grants and contributions	171,079	278,800	•	MC TO A COLORODO
Ad Valorem taxes	380,114	356,617	289,897	297,848
Other taxes and fees	630,395	682,969	638,851	647,814
Intergovernmental	730,003	805,021	615,060	633,693
Other	64,553	74,002	94,485	43,981
Total governmental activities	2,079,512	2,263,527	1,678,669	1,670,352
Business -Type Activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water and sewer	2,039,037	152,734	165,376	143,251
Sanitation	493,554	570,995	571,363	656,320
Operating grants and contributions	10,000	452,661	-	41,800
Other	35,251	406	398	329
Total business-type activities	2,577,842	1,176,796	737,137	841,700
Total primary governmental expenses	\$ 4,657,354	\$ 3,440,323	\$ 2,415,806	\$ 2,512,052
Excess (deficiency) before Transfers Transfers				
Governmental activities	-	56,000	315,000	292,335
Business -type activities		(56,000)	(315,000)	(292,335)
Increase (decrease) in net position	234,949	970,603	(652,262)	40,255
Special items	(953,419)	(2,291,419)	(1,262,471)	-
Net position - Beginning	5,517,388	4,798,918	3,478,102	1,563,369
Net position - Ending	\$ 4,798,918	\$ 3,478,102	\$ 1,563,369	\$ 1,603,624

Hi	sca.	ΙY	ear
FI	SUA		c

	FISCA	i i cai									
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	1,011,470	\$	928,100	\$	1,002,797	\$	1,050,282	\$	1,074,027	\$	1,429,172
•	179,171	Ψ	175,810	Ψ	174,329	•	176,806	•	181,271	Ψ	193,761
	674,840		653,451		676,636		672,872		682,958		636,138
	51,025		63,603		64,696		79,835		82,724		121,330
	233		615		1,284		994		686		1,324
	_		-		· •		•				ŕ
	1,916,739	1	,821,579		1,919,742		1,980,789		2,021,666		2,381,725
	24,259		480,614		31,164		14,857		12,395		9,764
	325,564		331,330		342,735		338,184		440,383		462,546
	349,823		811,944		373,899		353,041		452,778		472,310
\$	2,266,562	\$ 2	2,633,523	\$	2,293,641	\$	2,333,830	\$	2,474,444	\$	2,854,035
\$	46,473	\$	43,270	\$	46,302	\$	49,151	\$	55,189	\$	54,477
	-		18,082		53,450		359,815		1,913,382		460,446
	285,603		292,490		319,866		363,656		376,318		397,806
	646,362		675,938		707,256		779,330		766,548		951,662
	652,477		656,810		681,706		690,034		734,516		983,548
_	120,033		106,841		88,832		71,053		382,920		116,670
	1,750,948	1	,793,431		1,897,412		2,313,039		4,228,873		2,964,609
	166,845		126,472		152,928		149,725		144,417		155,979
	579,678		603,990		629,203		645,253		656,160		655,265
			34,117		-		•		•		
	223		2,212		5,131		6,476		9,100		23,272
-\$	746,746 2,497,694	\$ 2	766,791	-\$	787,262	\$	801,454	\$	809,677	\$	834,516
<u> </u>	2,497,094	D 2	2,560,222	<u> </u>	2,684,674	<u> </u>	3,114,493	-3	5,038,550		3,799,125
	128,500		40,000		_		59,765		59,900		61,575
	(128,500)		(40,000)		-		(59,765)		(59,900)		(61,575)
	-		-		_		-		(22,200)		-
	231,132		(73,301)		391,033		780,663		2,564,106		945,090
	1,417,222		-		(48,258)		-		39,680		-
	1,603,624	3	,251,978		3,178,677		3,521,452		4,302,115		6,905,901
\$	3,251,978	\$ 3	,178,677		3,521,452	\$	4,302,115	\$	6,905,901	\$	7,850,991

City of South Bay, Florida Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal years (accrual basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Year					
Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018
General I-und					,	4		•	6	4	6
Unreserved	69		&	· 69	· •	'n		-	•	•	· ()
Undesignated	(1,039,706)	(596.417)	(580,850)	(742,111)	(213,729)	<u>ŏ</u>	106,754	311,174	578,881	821,248	1,023,960
Nonspendale		Œ	90	•	6			ı		• (
Inventory and prepaid	•	47,371	46,972	72,057	47,527	5	59,467	42,588	47,422	45,119	100,25
Restricted											
Concerned citizen	•	•	1	•	110,603			Œ	,		Ť.
Committed						•				203 63	64 2 1 3
Compensated absences	,	•	1	26,179	36,308	m	37,480	45,525	48,612	150,55	04,513
Assigned	•	ŀ	4	Turk of	1			•	•	1	
Total general fund	\$ (1,039,706)	\$ (549,046)	\$ (533.878)	\$ (643,875)	\$ (19,291)	\$ 20	203,701	\$ 399,287	\$ 674,915	\$ 919,904	\$ 1,141,874
All other governmental funds:			39		4	,			6	٠	ji
Reserved			· ·		,	^		•	e e	2	9
Community development	369,784	•	500	•						. 200 500	\$65.000
Capital projects	•	52		•					80.471	607,100	777 700
Undesignated											
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 369,784	S	S	5	S	69	1	5	\$ 80,471	\$ 607,705	\$ 882,525

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City of South Bay, Florida Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal years (accrual basis of Accounting)

Fisca	l Year
Linea	i i Cai

				FISCA	ii i cai				
Fiscal Year Ended 9/30		2009	2010			2011		2012	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	957,370	\$	967,239	\$	885,136	\$	886,845	
Licenses and permits		53,139		72,347		43,612		58,817	
Intergovernmental		901,082		1,083,821		615,060		633,693	
Charges for services		62,310		46,235		40,376		47,016	
Fines and forfeitures		19,029		31,816		19,576		10,277	
Miscellaneous		86,582		62,069		74,909	_	33,704	
Total revenues	_	2,079,512	_	2,263,527	_	1,678,669		1,670,352	
Expenditures:									
Current									
General government		1,012,410		1,145,481		1,216,159		1,311,768	
Public safety		165,575		193,406		181,875		176,008	
Highways and streets		507,438		705,582		443,145		469,202	
Culture and recreational		21,162		43,617		78,695		65,433	
Capital outlay		6,344		11,234		24,177		18,609	
Debt service									
Principal		19,709		93,348		31,396		28,264	
Interest		7,158	_	5,983	+	3,054		3,400	
Total expenditures	_	1,739,796		2,198,651	_	1,978,501		2,072,684	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	_	339,716	_	64,876		(299,832)		(402,332)	
Other financing sources (used)									
Transfers in		577,256		666,622		315,000		292,335	
Transfer out		(577,256)		(610,622)		-		-	
Capital lease proceeds									
Total other financing sources									
(used)				56,000		315,000	_	292,335	
Net change in fund balances		339,716		120,876		15,168		(109,997)	
Fund (deficit) - Beginning		(1,009,638)		(669,922)		(549,046)		(533,878)	
Prior period adjustment					_			-	
Fund (deficit) - Beginning	<u>\$</u>	(669,922)	\$	(549,046)	<u>\$</u>	(533,878)	\$	(643.875)	

Fiscal Year

	2013		2014		2015	al Yea	2016		2017		2018		
	2013		2014		2013		2010		2017	_	2018		
•	001 000	•	000 004	•	0.63 450	•	005.055	•	1.052.127	•	1.074.004		
\$	881,082	\$	922,204	\$	963,478	\$	995,857	\$	1,053,136	\$	1,074,994		
	50,883 652,477		45,654 675,462		71,824 726,977		134,685 1,062,292		95,540 2,642,087		267,227 1,451,242		
	46,472		43,270		46,302		49,151		55,189		54,477		
	12,901		6,516		5,544		4,135		4,844		3,522		
	107,132		100,326		83,287		66,919		378,078		113,148		
	107,132		100,320		03,407	_	00,717	_	370,070	_	113,140		
_	1,750,947	_	1,793,432		1,897,412	_	2,313,039	-	4,228,874	_	2,964,610		
	980,505		901,030		974,508		995,158		1,013,094		1,241,739		
	179,171		175,810		174,329		176,806		181,271		193,761		
	474,802		455,349		481,822		764,209		472,900		461,576		
	46,607		59,185		59,353		74,492		76,752		110,770		
	108,440		42,211		5,784		-		1,313,979		578,327		
	14,141		2,400		4,746		5,046		481,707		16,064		
	233		615		1,284		994		686		1,324		
_	1,803,899		1,636,600	_	1,701,826	_	2,016,705		3,540,389	_	2,603,561		
_	1,003,077		1,030,000	_	1,701,620	_	2,010,703	_	3,340,369	_	2,003,301		
_	(52,952)		156,832		195,586		296,334	_	688,485	_	361,049		
	128,500		40,000		_		141,686		469,868		186,575		
	-		-		-		(81,921)		(409,968)		(125,000)		
_			26,160	_	-	-		_	23,838		74,166		
_	128,500		66,160	_	-	_	59,765	_	83,738		135,741		
	75,548		222,992		195,586		356,099		772,223		496,790		
	(643,875)		(19,291)		203,701	\$	399,287	\$	755,386	\$	1,527,609		
	549,036	_			-			_			-		
\$	(19.291)	\$	203,701	\$	399,287	\$	755,386	\$	1.527.609	\$	2.024,399		

City of South Bay, Florida Assessed Value of Taxable Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal years

Taxable	Assessed	Value	62,535,164	56,457,992	48,076,065	47,578,973	46,995,554	49,747,562	52,838,310	58,044,775	61,312,098	64,082,650
	Personal	Property	\$ 7,837,086	6,452,821	5,476,879	4,798,901	5,011,719	5,975,227	6,429,718	7,747,296	8,755,194	8,763,594
	Other	Property	3,271,786	3,410,291	2,401,358	2,651,716	2,812,084	2,972,875	3,165,199	3,322,009	3,565,362	3,706,163
	Industrial	Property	\$ 7,240,091	5,596,644	4,488,853	4,415,747	4,217,841	4,355,429	4,598,812	4,954,500	5,462,887	6,415,751
	Commercial	Property	\$ 11,499,324	10,483,069	9,156,943	9,096,375	9,173,807	9,570,243	10,874,482	11,375,769	12,465,875	15,282,524
	Residential	Property	\$ 32,686.877	30.515.167	26.552.032	26,616,234	25,780,103	26,873,788	27,770,099	30,645,201	31,062,780	29,914,618
		Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

City of South Bay, Florida
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current and Prior Year

2018 2017 Percent of Percent of Total City Net Taxable Total City Net Taxable Taxable Assessed Taxable Assessed Taxpayer Value Assessed Value Value Rank Assessed Value Rank 3,389,643 \$ 1 \$ 3,389,643 6.71% 6.71% 1 **HUGH BRANCH LLC** 2 PFJ SOUTHEAST, LLC 2,522,121 4.99% 1,537,984 2 3 ORTEGA MANAGEMENT CORP 1,537,984 3.04% 3.04% 4 ARCP DG SOUTH BAY FL LLC 1,089,835 2.16% 1,089,835 5 2.16% 5 SOUTH BAY ONE LLC 850,000 1.68% 850,000 6 1.68% 840,591 1.66% 840,591 7 1.66% 6 **SOUTH BAY 1050 LLC** 7 701,456 1.39% 701,456 8 1.39% ROYALS INC. 598,814 598,814 9 1.18% 8 RSW FAMILY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1.18% 9 KQC INVESTOR LLC 500,814 0.99% 10 GLADES INVESTMENTS INC 491,621 0.97% 491,621 10 0.97% 1,416,792 3 2.80% GLADES PRECOOLER INC 4 BERNER OIL CO INC. 1,168,161 2.31% 23.51% \$ 12,084,897 23.91% Total 12,522,879

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

City of South Bay, Florida
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal years

	Total	Direct and	Overlapping	Rate	23.1857	25.4846	25.9894	25.9892	25.3971	25,1056	24.9026	24 4419	23,9727	23.5191	
Overlapping Rate	Florida	Inland	Navigation	District	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320	
				Council	0.6009	0.6898	0.7513	0.7475	0.7300	0.7025	0.6745	0.6677	0.6833	0.6403	
	South Florida	Water	Management	District	0.5346	0.5346	0.5346	0.5346	0.3739	0.3523	0.3842	0.3551	0.3307	0.2936	
	Palm Beach	County	Library	System	0.5427	0.5518	0.6069	0.6081	0.6065	0.6024	0.5985	0.5933	0.5851	0.5901	
	Palm Beach	Palm Beach	County	Debt	0.1845	0.2174	0.2460	0.2110	0.2037	0.1914	.01462	.01327	.01208	.01165	
	Paim Beach	County	Health Care	District	0.9975	1.1451	1,1451	1,1250	1.1220	1.0800	1.0800	1.0426	0.8993	0.7261	
	Palm Beach	County	Fire	Rescue	2.9500	3.4581	3,4581	3.4581	3.4581	3,4581	3.4581	3.4581	3,4581	3.4581	
			Palm Beach	County	3.7811	4.5614	4.7500	4.7815	4.7815	4.7815	4.7815	4.7815	4.7815	4.7815	
	Palm Beach	County	School	District	7.2510	7.9830	8.1540	8.1800	7.7780	7.5940	7.5120	7.0700	0692.9	6.5720	
	City of	South Bay	General	Operations	6.3089	6.3089	6.3089	6.3089	6.3089	6.3089	6.3089	6.3089	6,3089	6.3089	
			Fiscal Year	Ended 9/30	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	

Source Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

City of South Bay, Florida

Last Ten Fiscal years	Property Tax Levies and Collections

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	Ended 9/30	Fiscal Year			
									69	Hi	L	П		
407,854	387,709	366,354	334,102	314,666	297,658	300,565	306,002	363,984	398,031	Fiscal Year	Levied for	Total Tax		
									↔					
391,472	367,962	348,404	317,550	289,230	281,009	288,223	288,012	337,595	371,491	Amount		of the Levy	the Fiscal Year	Collected within
95.98%	94.91%	95.10%	95.05%	91.92%	94.41%	95.89%	94.12%	92.75%	93.33%	of Levy	Percent	evy	Year	within
									↔		Su	[5]		
6,334	8,356	15,252	2,315	3,260	4,594	9,625	1,885	19,023	8,624	Years	Subsequent	Collection in		
									< >					
397,806	376,318	363,656	319,865	292,490	285,603	297,848	289,897	356,618	380,115	Amount		to Date	Total Collections	
97.54%	97.06%	99.26%	95.74%	92.95%	95.95%	99.10%	94.74%	97.98%	95.50%	of Levy	Percent	ite	ections	

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

City of South Bay, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt September 30, 2018

Government Unit		Outstanding Obligation Bond Debt	Percentage Applicable to City of South Bay	Estimated share of Overlapping Debt		
Palm Beach County	\$	82,850,000	0.07%	\$	57,995	
Palm Beach County School District		9,853,000	0.07%		6,897	

Source: Palm Beach County Finance Department
Palm Beach County School District Finance Department

City of South Bay, Florida Demographic and Economic Information Last Ten Fiscal years

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	Population (1)	Rosenwald Enrollment (2)	Palm Beach County Schools Enrollment (2)	I	Median Family come (1)	Unemployment Rate (1)
2009	4,534	268	169,328	\$	19,825	12.10%
2010	4,876	234	171,282		26,913	19.60%
2011	4,827	223	172,664		25,663	19.10%
2012	4,711	222	174,886	£1	26,667	22.10%
2013	4,719	200	177,815		28,750	16.00%
2014	4,898	238	181,205		34,718	19.10%
2015	5,151	250	184,517		31,429	17.10%
2016	5,293	260	187,746		33,663	16.80%
2017	5,221	292	190,749		35,476	13.80%
2018	5,215	261	191,207		*	*

Source: (1) Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida

⁽²⁾ Palm Beach County School Board K-12 Enrollments

^{*} Data not available

City of South Bay, Florida

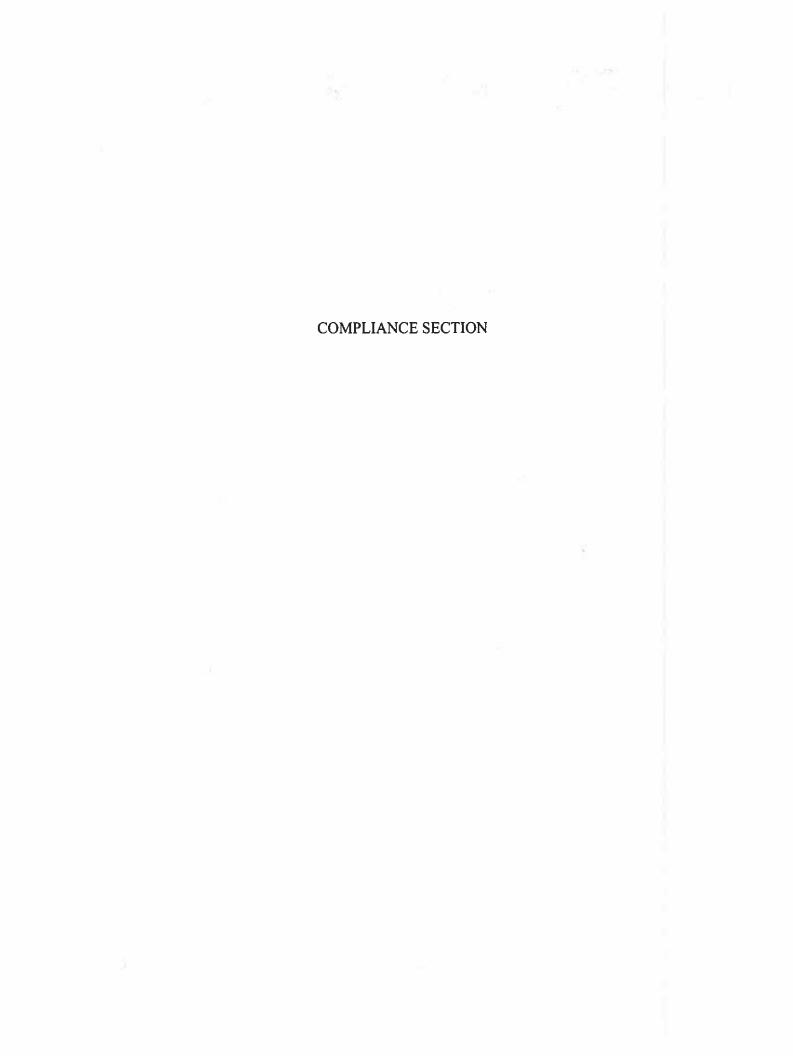
Principal Employers - Palm Beach County

Current year and Nine years ago

2018 2009 Percentage of Percentage of **Total County Total County** Employees Rank Employment Employees Rank Employment Palm Beach County School Board 3.04% 21,718 3.47% 21,466 1 1 Palm Beach County 2 1.82% 5,952 2 0.84% 11,381 5 0.82% Tenet Healthcare Corp. 5,939 3 0.84% 5,127 Nextra Energy (FPL) 4,404 4 0.62% 3,658 7 0.58% Hospital Corporation of America (HCA) 3,550 5 0.50% 4,150 6 0.66% 0.40% Boca Raton Regional Hospital 2,800 6 0.44% Florida Atlantic University 2,644 7 0.37% 2,776 9 Veterans Health Administration 2,535 8 0.36% 2,282 9 0.32% 2,300 10 0.37% Bethesda Health, Inc Office Depot 2,034 10 0.29% 9,300 1.49% State Government 3 6,300 4 1.01% Federal Government 8 0.48% Wackenhut Corporation 3,000 8.24% 10.72% 53,606 69,710

Source: Business Development Board of Palm Beach County

Note: The City is not a significant area for employment, therefore, Palm Beach County statistics were used



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Boy, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund information of the City of South Bay, Florida (the 'City'), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Fiduciary Funds, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HCT Certified Public Accountants & Consultants, LLC
Hollywood, Florida
May 23, 2019

City of South Bay, Florida Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

I. Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of report the auditor issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes	<u>X</u> no
• Significant Deficiency(s)	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
II. Prior Year Financial Statement Findings		
Finding 2017 – 01		

Payroll Testing

CONTROL DEFICIENCY

Criteria: All hourly employees are required to clock in and out using the "Pay Punch Lite" timekeeping system using finger print recognition software.

Condition: During the test of internal controls related to payroll, it was discovered that one (1) of the three (3) employee's timesheets show indication that they had been manually edited in the "Pay Punch Lite" program. The City was asked its policy on employees manually inputting their time and there is no formal policy.

Effect: Employees could potentially be paid for hours they did not work without using vacation or sick leave.

Cause: The system is not restricted to disallow certain employees access to edit times in the system. Additionally, there are no formal policies or procedures for what happens when employees forget to use the "Pay Punch Lite" timekeeping system using finger print recognition software.

Current Year Status: Condition has been resolved in FY 2018.

III. Current Year Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

HCT Certified Public Accountants & Consultants, LLC

MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of South Bay, Florida.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of South Bay, Florida (the 'City'), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 23, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendation made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. All related disclosures have been made in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statute.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and City Council Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HCT Certified Public Accountants & Consultants, LLC

Hollywood, Florida May 23, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council The City of South Bay, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the City of South Bay, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; the Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and the management letter in accordance with the rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June1, 2018, should be considered in conjunction with this report.

Local Government Investment Policies

We have examined the City's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

West Palm Beach Phone (561) 655-2664 Miami Phone (305) 331-8768 Hollywood Phone (954) 966-4435 In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018. This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HCT Certified Public Accountants & Consultants, LLC

Hollywood, Florida May 23, 2019